MSDS

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

C & W PRESSROOM PRODUCTS	HAZARD RATING	HMIS RATING	
180 EAST UNION AVENUE	4 = EXTREME	HEALTH	2
EAST RUTHERFORD, NJ 07073	3 = HIGH	FLAMMABILITY	2
•	2 = MODERATE	REACTIVITY	0
EMERGENCY TELEPHONE #	1 = SLIGHT	PERSONAL	
201- 933-4343	0 = INSIGNIFICANT	PROTECTION	X

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SECTION I PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

NAME PRODUCT : DYNAMIC WM GENERAL OR GENERIC ID : SOLVENT BLEND

DOT HAZARD CLASSIFICATION : COMBUSTIBLE (173.115)

SECTION II COMPONENT INFORMATION

IF PRESENT, IARC, NTP AND OSHA CARCINOGENS AND CHEMICALS SUBJECT TO THE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS OF SARA TITLE III, SECTION 313 ARE IDENTIFIED IN THIS SECTION. SEE DEFINITION PAGE FOR CLARIFICATION

> % (BY VOL) PEL TLVNOTE

100 PPM INGREDIENTS: ALIPHATIC HYDROCARBONS 100 PPM 65 (1)

(STODDARD TYPE) CAS# 8052-41-3

AROMATIC PETROLEUM DISTILLATES 35 100 PPM (2)

CAS# 64742-95-6

NOTES: (1) NIOSH recommends a limit of 350 MG/CUM - 8 hour time weighted average. 1800 MG/CUM as determined by a 15 minute sample

TLV not established for this material. (2)

> This item contains approximately 7% Xylene (CAS# 1330-20-7) which has a PEL and TLV of 100 ppm and an STEL of 150 ppm; approximately 3% Cumene (CAS# 98-82-8), which has a PEL and TLV of 50 ppm- skin: approximately 40% Trimethylbenzene (CAS# 25551-13-7), which has a PEL and TLV of 25 ppm. (Trimethylbenzene may contain 50% Pseudocumene 1,2,4 - or 1,2,5 Trimethylbenzene CAS# 95-63-6 and 22.5% Mesitylene 1,3,5- Trimethylbenzene CAS# 108-67-8). The PEL listed for this item is for coal tar naphtha, based on the ACGIH documentation for coal tar naphtha (since deleted). Xylene, Cumene and 1,2,4- Trimethylbenzene are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of SARA Title III.

SECTION III PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

BOILING POINT : 308°F 153.33°C @ 760 mm Hg @ 68°F 20°C VAPOR PRESSURE : 3.00 mm Hg

SPECIFIC VAPOR DENSITY AIR = 1: Heavier than air

SPECIFIC GRAVITY

: < Water PERCENT VOLATILES 6.8 # PER GALLON : 100.00%

EVAPORATION RATE : Slower Than Ether

SECTION IV FIRE & EXPLOSION DATA

FLASH POINT (TCC) : 100.0 - 110.0°F (37.8 - 43.3°C)

EXPLOSIVE LIMIT (Product) : Lower - 1.0%

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA : Regular foam or carbon dioxide or dry chemical

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

May form toxic materials: carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide, various hydrocarbons, etc.

FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES:

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus with a full facepiece operated in the positive pressure demand mode when fighting fires.

SPECIAL FIRE AND EXPLOSIVE HAZARDS:

Never use welding or cutting torch on or near drum (even empty) because product (even just residue) can ignite explosively.

All five gallon pails and larger metal containers including tank cars and tank trucks should be grounded and/or bonded when material is transferred.

Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground or be moved by ventilation and ignited by heat, pilot lights, other flames and ignition sources at locations distant from material handling point.

SECTION V HEALTH HAZARD DATA

PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LEVEL : See Section II

EFFECT OF ACUTE OVEREXPOSURE :

EYES : Exposure to liquid or vapor may cause mild eye irritation.

Symptoms may include burning, tearing & redness

SKIN : Exposure may cause skin irritation, prolonged or repeated exposure may dry the skin.

Symptoms may include redness, burning, drying and cracking and skin burns.

INHALATION: Excessive inhalation can cause nasal and respiratory irritation, central nervous system effects including

dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache and possible unconsciousness and even death.

INGESTION: Can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea.

Aspiration of material into the lungs can cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID TREATMENT:

EYES : If symptoms develop, immediately move individual away from exposure and into fresh air, flush eyes

with water for 15 minutes while holding eyelids apart. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

SKIN : Remove contaminated clothing. Wash exposed areas of skin with soap and water.

Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

INGESTION : Do not induce vomiting, keep person warm, quiet and get medical attention.

If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep head below hips to prevent aspiration.

Aspiration of material into the lungs due to vomiting can cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.

INHALATION : If affected, remove individual to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen.

If breathing has stopped give artificial respiration, Keep person warm, quiet and get medical attention.

PRIMARY ROUTES OF ENTRY: Inhalation, skin contact

SECTION VI REACTIVITY DATA

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION : Cannot occur

INCOMPATIBILITY / AVOID CONTACT WITH : Strong oxidizing agents

STABILITY : Stable

SECTION VII SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURE

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

SMALL SPILL: Absorb liquid on vermiculite, floor absorbent or other absorbent material.

LARGE SPILL: Eliminate all ignition sources (flares, flames including pilot lights, electrical sparks).

Persons not wearing protective equipment should be excluded from area of spill until clean-up has been completed. Stop spill at source, prevent from entering drains, sewer, streams or other bodies of water. Prevent from spreading. If runoff occurs, notify authorities as required. Pump or vacuum transfer spilled products to clean containers for recovery.

Absorb unrecoverable product. Transfer contaminated absorbent, soil and other material to containers for disposal.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: Dispose of in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations.

SECTION VIII SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

(SPECIFY TYPE)

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION : If workplace exposure limit(s) of product or any component is exceeded (see section II) a NIOSH/MSHA approved air supplied respirator is advised in absence of proper environmental control. OSHA regulations also permit other NIOSH/MSHA respirators (negative pressure type) under specified conditions (see your safety

equipment supplier). Engineering or administrative controls should be implemented to

reduce exposure.

VENTILATION Provide sufficient mechanical (general and/or local exhaust) ventilation

to maintain exposure below TLV(s).

PROTECTIVE GLOVES

: Wear resistant gloves (consult your safety equipment supplier)

EYE PROTECTION

Chemical splash goggles in compliance with OSHA regulations are advised,

however, OSHA regulations also permit other type safety glasses

(consult your safety equipment supplier)

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: To prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact, wear impervious clothing and boots

SECTION IX SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS OR OTHER COMMENTS

PRECAUTIONS: Containers may be hazardous when empty. Since emptied containers retain product residues (vapor, liquid and/or solid), all hazard precautions given in this data sheet must be observed.

WARNING

: Sudden release of hot organic chemical vapors or mists from process equipment operating at elevated temperature and pressure, or sudden ingress of air into vacuum equipment, may result in ignitions without the presence of obvious ignition sources. Published "auto ignition" or "ignition" temperature values cannot be treated as safe operating temperatures in chemical processes without analysis of the actual process conditions. Any use of this product in elevated temperature processes should be thoroughly evaluated to establish and maintain safe operating conditions.

Hydrocarbon solvents are basically non-conductors of electricity and can become electrostatically charged during mixing, filtering or pumping at high flow rates. If this charge reaches a sufficiently high lever, sparks can form that may ignite the vapors of flammable liquids.

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